## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 3, 2022 (May 2, 2022)

# **RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

> One Gaylord Drive Nashville, Tennessee (Address of principal executive offices)

1-13079 (Commission File Number) 73-0664379 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

37214 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (615) 316-6000

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

		Name of Each Exchange on
Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Which Registered
Common Stock, par value \$.01	RHP	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2).

Emerging growth company  $\Box$ 

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

## ITEM 2.02. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION.

On May 2, 2022, Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. (the "Company") issued a press release announcing its financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 and providing guidance for certain financial measures for the remainder of 2022. A copy of the press release is furnished herewith as <u>Exhibit 99.1</u> and incorporated herein by reference. The Company will hold a conference call to discuss its financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 at 9:00 a.m. Eastern Time on Tuesday, May 3, 2022.

#### ITEM 9.01. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.

- (d) Exhibits
- 99.1 Press Release of Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. dated May 2, 2022.
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 3, 2022

RYMAN HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES, INC.

By: /s/ Scott J. Lynn

Name: Scott J. Lynn Title: Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary



#### Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. Reports First Quarter 2022 Results

NASHVILLE, Tenn. (May 2, 2022) – Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. (NYSE: RHP), a lodging real estate investment trust ("REIT") specializing in group-oriented, destination hotel assets in urban and resort markets, today reported financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

#### First Quarter 2022 Highlights and Recent Developments:

- Impacted by group cancellations early in the quarter due to the Omicron variant, the Company generated Q1 2022 Net Loss available to common shareholders of \$(24.6) million and consolidated Adjusted EBITDAre of \$69.0 million.
- Driven by strong leisure ADR and occupancy and the rapid recovery in group travel from the Omicron variant, Hospitality occupancy reached 63.3% in March, compared to the month of January when occupancy was 32.8%.
- Business levels rebounded quickly in the quarter, with Hospitality Operating Income/(Loss) and Hospitality Adjusted EBITDAre reaching \$33.9 million and \$52.5 million in March, respectively, compared to \$(17.1) million and \$0.9 million in January, respectively.
- Strong ADR performance across all five Gaylord Hotels, with ADR reaching over \$229 per night in Q1 2022, an increase of 21.0% compared to Q1 2021 and 14.0% compared to Q1 2019 ADR.
- The Company recorded \$19.6 million in cancellation and attrition fees in Q1 2022.
- Gross Advanced Group Room Bookings in Q1 2022, exceeded Q1 2019 levels, with an increase in ADR of 7.5% on new bookings for all future years as compared to Q1 2021, and 12.7% above Q1 2019, ADR levels.
- Subsequent to quarter end, the Company announced a strategic investment in the Company's Opry Entertainment Group (OEG) by Atairos and NBCUniversal, which initially values the OEG business at \$1.415 billion, inclusive of the pending acquisition of Block 21, and is expected to close in Q2 2022.
- Company provides outlook for Q2 2022 consolidated Net Income of \$28.5 to \$32.0 million; FY 2022 consolidated Net Income of \$60.0 to \$75.0 million; Q2 2022 consolidated Adjusted EBITDAre of \$135 to \$145 million and FY 2022 consolidated Adjusted EBITDAre of \$476 to \$502 million.

Colin Reed, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Ryman Hospitality Properties, said, "Our businesses delivered better than expected performance during the first quarter, and we are starting the second quarter with positive momentum heading into the rest of the year. The initial headwinds we faced from the Omicron variant early in the year were overcome by a rapid month-over-month improvement in group travel, continued strength in leisure demand, and a Q1 2022 ADR that surpassed our Q1 2019 ADR by 14.0 percent. Notably, we ended the quarter with significant acceleration across our business, delivering Hospitality Adjusted EBITDA*re* for March that exceeded comparable results for the pre-pandemic period of March 2019. This was achieved despite overall occupancy rates that were nearly sixteen points lower than the same period in 2019. The strong end to the quarter and confidence for the remainder of 2022, barring a new variant or other exogenous events, is allowing us to provide both Q2 and full year 2022 outlook for Net Income and consolidated Adjusted EBITDA*re*.

In addition to strong financial performance at the end of the first quarter, we announced in early April a major step forward in our plans to expand the reach of our entertainment business, through a strategic partnership with Atairos and NBCUniversal. We believe this alliance will help accelerate the growth in this one-of-a-kind business while allowing us to deleverage and continue to strategically invest in our hospitality business. We look forward to closing this transaction in Q2 2022 and to what this partnership will bring in the months and years ahead."

#### First Quarter 2022 Results (as compared to First Quarter 2021):

Consolidated Results	Т	 e Months Ended March 31,	
(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	 2022	2021	% Δ
Total Revenue	\$ 299,135	\$ 84,175	255.4%
Operating income (loss)	\$ 7,874	\$ (79,557)	109.9%
Operating income (loss) margin	2.6%	-94.5%	97.1pt
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$ (24,621)	\$ (104,521)	76.4%
Net loss available to common shareholders margin	-8.2%	-124.2%	116.0pt
Net loss available to common shareholders per diluted share	\$ (0.45)	\$ (1.90)	76.3%
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i>	\$ 68,994	\$ (22,449)	407.3%
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> margin	23.1%	-26.7%	49.8pt
Adjusted EBITDAre, excluding noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint venture	\$ 68,994	\$ (21,705)	417.9%
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> , excluding noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint venture margin	23.1%	-25.8%	48.9pt
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Funds From Operations (FFO) available to common shareholders and unit holders	\$ 31,222	\$ (59,965)	152.1%
FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders per diluted share/unit	\$ 0.56	\$ (1.08)	151.9%
Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders	\$ 34,814	\$ (50,505)	168.9%
Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders per diluted share/unit	\$ 0.63	\$ (0.91)	169.2%

Note: For the Company's definitions of Adjusted EBITDA*re*, Adjusted EBITDA*re* margin, Adjusted EBITDA*re*, excluding noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint venture, Adjusted EBITDA*re*, excluding noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint venture margin, FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders, and Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders, as well as a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure Adjusted EBITDA*re* to Net Income/(Loss) and a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure Adjusted EBITDA*re* and Adjusted EBITDA*re*, excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture Definition," "Adjusted EBITDA*re*, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture Definition," "Adjusted EBITDA*re*, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated FFO, and Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders and unit holders before the Set of the Set o

#### Hospitality Segment

(\$ in thousands, except ADR, RevPAR, and Total RevPAR)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2022		2021	% Δ
Hospitality Revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	261,111	\$	69,802	274.1%
Hospitality Operating income (loss) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	15,668	\$	(63,543)	124.7%
Hospitality Operating income/(loss) margin <sup>(1)</sup>		6.0%	)	-91.0%	97.0pt
Hospitality Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	70,332	\$	(11,889)	691.6%
Hospitality Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> margin <sup>(1)</sup>		26.9%	)	-17.0%	43.9pt
Hospitality Performance Metrics <sup>(1) (2)</sup>					
Occupancy		47.3%	)	16.4%	30.9pt
Average Daily Rate (ADR)	\$	229.17	\$	189.42	21.0%
RevPAR	\$	108.41	\$	31.02	249.5%
Total RevPAR	\$	278.64	\$	76.71	263.2%
Gross Definite Rooms Nights Booked		422,045		441,170	-4.3%
Net Definite Rooms Nights Booked		165,668		(33,709)	591.5%
Group Attrition (as % of contracted block)		32.1%	)	42.1%	-10.0pt
Cancellations ITYFTY <sup>(3)</sup>		170,419		279,624	-39.1%

(1)Gaylord National closed on March 25, 2020 and remained closed until July 1, 2021.

(2) Calculation of hospitality performance metrics includes closed hotel room nights available; includes the addition of 302 additional guest rooms due to Gaylord Palms expansion beginning June 1, 2021. ADR is for occupied rooms.

(3)"ITYFTY" represents In The Year For The Year.

Note: For the Company's definitions of Revenue Per Available Room (RevPAR) and Total Revenue Per Available Room (Total RevPAR), see "Calculation of RevPAR, Total RevPAR, and Occupancy" below. Property-level results and operating metrics for first quarter 2022 are presented in greater detail below and under "Supplemental Financial Results—Hospitality Segment Adjusted EBITDA*re* Reconciliations and Operating Metrics," which includes a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures Hospitality Adjusted EBITDA*re* to Hospitality Operating Income/(Loss), and property-level Adjusted EBITDA*re* to property-level Operating Income/(Loss) for each of the hotel properties.

## **Hospitality Segment Highlights**

- Hotel occupancy was 47.3% in Q1 2022, however, occupancy increased substantially month-by-month, rising from 32.8% in January to 63.3% in March as the Omicron variant subsided.
- Gaylord Palms delivered the best Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA*re* month on record for the hotel for the month of March, with occupancy levels near 80%, including the recently completed 302 room expansion.
- Group sales production for the quarter totaled 422,000 gross room nights, with a 12.7% improvement in ADR for all future years over Q1 2019 group production.

#### **Gaylord Opryland**

(\$ in thousands, except ADR, RevPAR, and Total RevPAR)

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2022		2021	%Δ	
Revenue	\$	73,519	\$	21,759	237.9%	
Operating income (loss)	\$	15,555	\$	(11,750)	232.4%	
Operating income (loss) margin		21.2%	)	-54.0%	75.2pt	
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	24,131	\$	(3,482)	793.0%	
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> margin		32.8%	)	-16.0%	48.8pt	
Occupancy		48.8%	)	18.3%	30.5pt	
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	239.77	\$	210.04	14.2%	
RevPAR	\$	116.98	\$	38.37	204.9%	
Total RevPAR	\$	282.85	\$	83.71	237.9%	

## **Gaylord Palms**

(\$ in thousands, except ADR, RevPAR, and Total RevPAR)

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2022		2021	%Δ	
Revenue	\$	59,848	\$	15,117	295.9%	
Operating income (loss)	\$	15,858	\$	(6,017)	363.6%	
Operating income (loss) margin		26.5%	)	-39.8%	66.3pt	
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	22,476	\$	(393)	5,819.1%	
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> margin		37.6%	)	-2.6%	40.2pt	
Occupancy <sup>(1)</sup>		55.6%	,	24.3%	31.3pt	
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	256.19	\$	191.71	33.6%	
RevPAR <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	142.36	\$	46.66	205.1%	
Total RevPAR <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	387.07	\$	118.62	226.3%	

(1) Calculation of hospitality performance metrics includes 302 expansion rooms beginning June 1, 2021.

## **Gaylord Texan**

(\$ in thousands, except ADR, RevPAR, and Total RevPAR)

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
		2022		2021	%Δ		
Revenue	\$	56,636	\$	18,358	208.5%		
Operating income (loss)	\$	12,916	\$	(4,781)	370.2%		
Operating income (loss) margin		22.8%		-26.0%	48.8pt		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	19,614	\$	1,448	1,254.6%		
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> margin		34.6%		7.9%	26.7pt		
Occupancy		57.8%	)	22.6%	35.2pt		
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	221.38	\$	189.83	16.6%		
RevPAR	\$	128.06	\$	42.99	197.9%		
Total RevPAR	\$	346.91	\$	112.45	208.5%		

## **Gaylord National**

(\$ in thousands, except ADR, RevPAR, and Total RevPAR)

	Three Months Ended						
	March 31,						
		2022		2021	%Δ		
Revenue	\$	32,587	\$	1,257	2,492.4%		
Operating loss	\$	(11,275)	\$	(14,523)	22.4%		
Operating loss margin		-34.6%		-1155.4%	1,120.8pt		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	(1,796)	\$	(6,336)	71.7%		
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> margin		-5.5%		-504.1%	498.6pt		
Occupancy <sup>(1) (2)</sup>		35.4%		0.0%	35.4pt		
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	219.63	\$	0.00	NA		
RevPAR <sup>(1) (2)</sup>	\$	77.73	\$	0.00	NA		
Total RevPAR <sup>(1) (2)</sup>	\$	181.40	\$	7.00	2,491.4%		

(1) Calculation of hospitality performance metrics includes closed hotel room nights available.

(2) Gaylord National closed on March 25, 2020 and remained closed until July 1, 2021.

## **Gaylord Rockies**

(\$ in thousands, except ADR, RevPAR, and Total RevPAR)

	Three Months Ended						
	March 31,						
	2022		2021	% Δ			
Revenue	\$ 34,787	\$	11,970	190.6%			
Operating loss	\$ (16,784)	\$	(24,699)	32.0%			
Operating loss margin	-48.2%		-206.3%	158.1pt			
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i>	\$ 5,864	\$	(2,008)	392.0%			
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> margin	16.9%		-16.8%	33.7pt			
Occupancy	39.2%		17.4%	21.8pt			
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$ 213.46	\$	175.28	21.8%			
RevPAR	\$ 83.61	\$	30.46	174.5%			
Total RevPAR	\$ 257.51	\$	88.61	190.6%			

#### **Entertainment Segment**

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, and 2021, the Company reported the following:

(\$ in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2022		2021	%Δ
Revenue	\$	38,024	\$	14,373	164.6%
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,437	\$	(7,920)	130.8%
Operating income (loss) margin		6.4%	)	-55.1%	61.5pt
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i>	\$	4,810	\$	(5,461)	188.1%
Adjusted EBITDAre margin		12.6%	)	-38.0%	50.6pt

Reed continued, "Despite some turbulence early in the quarter related to the Omicron variant, our entertainment business results exceeded our internal expectations as live entertainment and leisure travel continues to appeal to consumers across the country. Our previously announced growth projects remain on pace, and our Block 21 acquisition is expected to close prior to June 1, 2022. We are pleased with the recovery we have seen in this business and look forward to increased leisure demand for the remainder of the year."

#### **Corporate and Other Segment**

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, and 2021, the Company reported the following:

(\$ in thousands)		<b>Three Months Ended</b>			
	March 31,				
		2022		2021	% Δ
Operating loss	\$	(10,231)	\$	(8,094)	-26.4%
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	(6,148)	\$	(5,099)	-20.6%

The increase in Corporate and Other Segment Operating Loss and decrease in Adjusted EBITDA*re* for the 2022 period resulted from an increase in administrative and employment costs associated with the hiring of additional employees and increased wages to support the Company's continued recovery and future growth.

Reed concluded, "After two years of uncertainty, we are at last beginning to see familiar patterns emerge on both sides of our business. We have always taken pride in the unique visibility that the contractual nature of our core business provides, and we remain optimistic about our current trajectory and tremendously enthusiastic about our long-term prospects."

#### 2022 Guidance

The following business performance outlook for second quarter 2022 and full year 2022 is based on current information as of May 2, 2022. The Company does not expect to update the guidance provided below before next quarter's earnings release. However, the Company may update its full business outlook or any portion thereof at any time for any reason. The guidance below contemplates the consummation of the planned Block 21 transaction and the Company's pro-rata share of the Circle JV.

(\$ in millions)	 Guid 2Q 2				2Q 2022 Guidance
	 Low		High		Midpoint
Net Income	\$ 28.5	\$	32.0	\$	30.3
Adjusted EBITDAre					
Hospitality	\$ 120.0	\$	124.0	\$	122.0
Entertainment	22.0		27.0		24.5
Corporate and Other	(7.0)		(6.0)		(6.5)
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDAre	\$ 135.0	\$	145.0	\$	140.0
	 <u></u>		_	P	
(\$ in millions)	Guio			F	ull Year 2022
	 Full Ye	ar 2			Guidance
	 Low		High		Midpoint
Net Income	\$ 60.0	\$	75.0	\$	67.5
Adjusted EBITDAre					
Hospitality	\$ 425.0	\$	440.0	\$	432.5
Entertainment	80.0		88.0		84.0
Corporate and Other	(29.0)		(26.0)		(27.5)

Note: For reconciliations of Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA*re* guidance to Net Income and segment-level Adjusted EBITDA*re* to segment-level Operating Income, see "Reconciliation of Forward-Looking Statements" below.

#### **Development Update**

On March 28, 2022, the Company announced that the anticipated closing date for the previously announced sale of Block 21 by Stratus Properties, Inc. to the Company was extended, as the parties complete the process of obtaining the remaining required approvals of the assumption of the property's existing mortgage loan by the purchaser. The acquisition is now expected to close prior to June 1, 2022, subject to the timely satisfaction or waiver of various closing conditions, including the final consent of the loan servicers to the assumption of the existing loan by the purchaser, the consent of the hotel operator, an affiliate of Marriott, to the assumption of the hotel operating agreement by the purchaser, the absence of a material adverse effect, and other customary closing conditions.

On April 4, 2022, the Company announced that Atairos, along with Atairos' long-term strategic partner NBCUniversal, will acquire a 30% minority ownership stake in RHP's Opry Entertainment Group. Atairos' investment values OEG at \$1.415 billion, inclusive of OEG's previously announced acquisition of Block 21. Atairos has agreed to make an additional \$30 million investment in OEG, contingent on certain performance targets being achieved, which would bring OEG's valuation to \$1.515 billion. The initial \$1.415 billion valuation includes a recapitalization of OEG with a new \$300 million Term Loan B, a new revolving credit facility, and the assumption of a \$137 million CMBS facility for Block 21 upon consummation of that transaction. Atairos' and NBCUniversal's initial 30% equity investment in OEG is approximately \$293 million, of which NBCUniversal will indirectly invest up to approximately \$15 million. The transaction, which is subject to customary conditions, is expected to close in Q2 2022. The Company expects to use the net proceeds of the \$293 million investment and the OEG financing to pay transaction expenses, fully repay its \$300 million Term Loan A and repay substantially all the borrowings outstanding under its revolving credit facility, thereby reducing leverage, and creating balance sheet flexibility to allow the Company to pursue continued reinvestment in its businesses.

#### **Balance Sheet/Liquidity Update**

As of March 31, 2022, the Company had total debt outstanding of \$2,937.7 million, net of unamortized deferred financing costs, and unrestricted cash of \$128.4 million. As of March 31, 2022, \$190.0 million was drawn under the revolving credit line of the Company's credit facility, and the lending banks had issued \$0.1 million in letters of credit, which left \$509.9 million of availability for borrowing under the credit facility.

At the end of the first quarter, the Company effectively exited its covenant waiver period under its secured credit facility. Beginning with the second quarter, the Company now will once again be required to meet modified covenants related to its funded indebtedness to total asset value ratio, fixed charge coverage ratio, and implied debt service coverage ratio.

#### **Earnings Call Information**

Ryman Hospitality Properties will hold a conference call to discuss this release tomorrow, May 3, 2022, at 9:00 a.m. ET. Investors can listen to the conference call over the Internet at www.rymanhp.com. To listen to the live call, please go to the Investor Relations section of the website (Investor Relations/Presentations, Earnings and Webcasts) at least 15 minutes prior to the call to register and download any necessary audio software. For those who cannot listen to the live broadcast, a replay will be available shortly after the call and will be available for at least 30 days.

#### About Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc.

Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. (NYSE: RHP) is a leading lodging and hospitality real estate investment trust that specializes in upscale convention center resorts and country music entertainment experiences. The Company's core holdings, Gaylord Opryland Resort & Convention Center, Gaylord Palms Resort & Convention Center, Gaylord Texan Resort & Convention Center, Gaylord National Resort & Convention Center, and Gaylord Rockies Resort & Convention Center are five of the top 10 largest non-gaming convention center hotels in the United States based on total indoor meeting space. These convention center resorts operate under the Gaylord Hotels brand and are managed by Marriott International. The Company also owns two adjacent ancillary hotels and a small number of attractions managed by Marriott International for a combined total of 10,412 rooms and more than 2.8 million square feet of total indoor and outdoor meeting space in top convention and leisure destinations across the country. The Company's Entertainment segment includes a growing collection of iconic and emerging country music brands operated by the Company, including the Grand Ole Opry; Ryman Auditorium; WSM 650 AM; Ole Red and a 50% interest in Circle, a country lifestyle media network the Company owns in a joint venture with Gray Television; as well as other Nashville-area attractions managed by Marriott. The Company operates its Entertainment segment as part of a taxable REIT subsidiary. Visit RymanHP.com for more information.

#### **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This press release contains statements as to the Company's beliefs and expectations of the outcome of future events that are forward-looking statements as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You can identify these statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Examples of these statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the future performance of our business, the impact of COVID-19 on travel, leisure and group demand, the effects of COVID-19 on our results of operations, rebooking efforts, our liquidity, recovery of group business to pre-pandemic levels, anticipated business levels and anticipated financial results for the Company during future periods, the pending acquisition of Block 21, the Company's expectations for Block 21 upon the closing of the transaction, the pending Atairos investment in OEG, the Company's expectations for OEG upon the closing of the proposed investment in OEG, and other business or operational issues. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the statements made. These include the risks and uncertainties associated with the COVID-19 pandemic, including the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on us and the hospitality and entertainment industries generally, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the demand for travel, leisure and group business (including government-imposed restrictions), levels of consumer confidence in the safety of travel and group gathering as a result of COVID-19, the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic in the United States and the pace of recovery following the COVID-19 pandemic, the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic in the markets where our assets are located, governmental restrictions on our businesses, economic conditions affecting the hospitality business generally, the geographic concentration of the Company's hotel properties, business levels at the Company's hotels, the effects of inflation on the Company's business and on its customers, including group business at its hotels, the Company's ability to remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, the Company's ability to execute its strategic goals as a REIT, the Company's ability to generate cash flows to support dividends, the suspension of our dividend and our dividend policy, including the frequency and amount of any dividend we may pay, the Company's ability to borrow funds pursuant to its credit agreement, the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstance that could delay the closing of the Block 21 acquisition or the Atairos investment in OEG, or result in the termination of the agreement for the Block 21 acquisition or for the proposed investment in OEG, adverse effects on the Company's common stock because of the failure to complete the Block 21 acquisition or the proposed investment in OEG, and the Company's ability to otherwise obtain cash to fund the Block 21 acquisition. Other factors that could cause operating and financial results to differ are described in the filings made from time to time by the Company with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and include the risk factors and other risks and uncertainties described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, and its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and subsequent filings. The Company does not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to forward-looking statements made by it to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date hereof or the occurrence of unanticipated events.

#### **Additional Information**

This release should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K. Copies of our reports are available on our website at no expense at www.rymanhp.com and through the SEC's Electronic Data Gathering Analysis and Retrieval System ("EDGAR") at www.sec.gov.

#### Calculation of RevPAR, Total RevPAR, and Occupancy

We calculate revenue per available room ("RevPAR") for our hotels by dividing room revenue by room nights available to guests for the period. Room nights available to guests include nights the hotels are closed. We calculate total revenue per available room ("Total RevPAR") for our hotels by dividing the sum of room revenue, food & beverage, and other ancillary services revenue by room nights available to guests for the period. Rooms out of service for renovation are included in room nights available. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, and 2021, the calculation of RevPAR and Total RevPAR in our tabular presentations has not been changed as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and the resulting hotel closures and is consistent with prior periods. The closure of Gaylord National, which reopened July 1, 2021, resulted in significantly lower performance reflected in these metrics for the three months ended March 31, 2021, as compared to the current period. Occupancy figures reflect an additional 302 rooms available at Gaylord Palms beginning in June 2021.

#### **Calculation of GAAP Margin Figures**

We calculate Net Income/(Loss) available to common shareholders margin by dividing GAAP consolidated Net Income available to common shareholders by GAAP consolidated Total Revenue. We calculate consolidated, segment or property-level Operating Income Margin by dividing consolidated, segment or property-level GAAP Operating Income/(Loss) by consolidated, segment or property-level GAAP Revenue.

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We present the following non-GAAP financial measures we believe are useful to investors as key measures of our operating performance:

#### EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture Definition

We calculate EBITDA*re*, which is defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") in its September 2017 white paper as Net Income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) plus interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, gains or losses on the disposition of depreciated property (including gains or losses on change in control), impairment write-downs of depreciated property and of investments in unconsolidated affiliates caused by a decrease in the value of depreciated property or the affiliate, and adjustments to reflect the entity's share of EBITDA*re* of unconsolidated affiliates.

Adjusted EBITDAre is then calculated as EBITDAre, plus to the extent the following adjustments occurred during the periods presented:

- preopening costs;
- · non-cash lease expense;
- · equity-based compensation expense;
- · impairment charges that do not meet the NAREIT definition above;
- · credit losses on held-to-maturity securities;
- · any transaction costs of acquisitions;
- · interest income on bonds;
- · loss on extinguishment of debt;
- · pension settlement charges;
- · pro rata Adjusted EBITDAre from unconsolidated joint venture; and
- · any other adjustments we have identified herein.

We then exclude noncontrolling interests in consolidated joint venture to calculate Adjusted EBITDAre, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture.

We use EBITDA*re*, Adjusted EBITDA*re* and Adjusted EBITDA*re*, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture and segment or property-level EBITDA*re* and Adjusted EBITDA*re* to evaluate our operating performance. We believe that the presentation of these non-GAAP metrics provides useful information to investors regarding our operating performance and debt leverage metrics, and that the presentation of these non-GAAP metrics, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of Net Income or Operating Income, as applicable, is beneficial to an investor's complete understanding of our operating performance. We make additional adjustments to EBITDA*re* when evaluating our performance because we believe that presenting Adjusted EBITDA*re*, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture provides useful information to investors regarding our operating performance.

#### Adjusted EBITDAre, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture Margin Definition

We calculate consolidated Adjusted EBITDA*re*, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture Margin by dividing consolidated Adjusted EBITDA*re*, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture by GAAP consolidated Total Revenue. We calculate consolidated, segment or property-level Adjusted EBITDA*re* Margin by dividing consolidated, segment-, or property-level Adjusted EBITDA*re* by consolidated, segment-, or property-level GAAP Revenue. We believe Adjusted EBITDA*re*, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture Margin is useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance because this non-GAAP financial measure helps investors evaluate and compare the results of our operations from period to period by presenting a ratio showing the quantitative relationship between Adjusted EBITDA*re*, Excluding Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Joint Venture and GAAP consolidated Total Revenue or segment or property-level GAAP Revenue, as applicable.

#### FFO, Adjusted FFO, and Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders Definition

We calculate FFO, which definition is clarified by NAREIT in its December 2018 white paper as Net Income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discounts), gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, gains and losses from a change in control, impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments in entities when the impairment is directly attributable to decreases in the value of depreciated real estate held by the entity, income (loss) from consolidated joint venture attributable to noncontrolling interest, and pro rata adjustments for unconsolidated joint venture.

To calculate Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders, we then exclude, to the extent the following adjustments occurred during the periods presented:

- · right-of-use asset amortization;
- · impairment charges that do not meet the NAREIT definition above;
- · write-offs of deferred financing costs;
- · amortization of debt discounts or premiums and amortization of deferred financing costs;
- · (gains) losses on extinguishment of debt
- · non-cash lease expense;
- · credit loss on held-to-maturity securities;
- · pension settlement charges;
- · additional pro rata adjustments from unconsolidated joint venture;
- · (gains) losses on other assets;
- · transaction costs on acquisitions;
- · deferred income tax expense (benefit); and
- · any other adjustments we have identified herein.

To calculate Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders (excluding maintenance capex), we then exclude FF&E reserve for managed properties and maintenance capital expenditures for non-managed properties. FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders and Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders and Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders (excluding maintenance capex) exclude the ownership portion of Gaylord Rockies joint venture not controlled or owned by the Company in prior periods.

We believe that the presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures provides useful information to investors regarding the performance of our ongoing operations because each presents a measure of our operations without regard to specified non-cash items such as real estate depreciation and amortization, gain or loss on sale of assets and certain other items, which we believe are not indicative of the performance of our underlying hotel properties. We believe that these items are more representative of our asset base than our ongoing operations. We also use these non-GAAP financial measures as measures in determining our results after considering the impact of our capital structure.

We caution investors that non-GAAP financial measures we present may not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other companies, because not all companies calculate these non-GAAP measures in the same manner. The non-GAAP financial measures we present, and any related per share measures, should not be considered as alternative measures of our Net Income (Loss), operating performance, cash flow or liquidity. These non-GAAP financial measures may include funds that may not be available for our discretionary use due to functional requirements to conserve funds for capital expenditures and property acquisitions and other commitments and uncertainties. Although we believe that these non-GAAP financial measures can enhance an investor's understanding of our results of operations, these non-GAAP financial measures, when viewed individually, are not necessarily better indicators of any trend as compared to GAAP measures such as Net Income (Loss), Operating Income (Loss), or cash flow from operations.

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## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Unaudited

(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended Mar. 31		
	 2022		2021
Revenues:			
Rooms	\$ 101,593	\$	28,228
Food and beverage	112,116		18,175
Other hotel revenue	47,402		23,399
Entertainment	 38,024		14,373
Total revenues	 299,135		84,175
Operating expenses:			
Rooms	30,136		9,477
Food and beverage	71,329		19,329
Other hotel expenses	86,643		54,557
Management fees	 5,064		753
Total hotel operating expenses	193,172		84,116
Entertainment	31,731		18,691
Corporate	9,557		7,528
Preopening costs	304		399
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	469		(317
Depreciation and amortization	 56,028		53,315
Total operating expenses	 291,261		163,732
Operating income (loss)	7,874		(79,557
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	(31,937)		(30,796
Interest income	1,381		1,370
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-		(2,949
Loss from consolidated joint ventures	(2,627)		(1,609
Other gains and (losses), net	 447		374
Loss before income taxes	(24,862)		(113,167
(Provision) benefit for income taxes	65		(3,954
Net loss	(24,797)		(117,121
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint venture	-		11,793
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in Operating Partnership	176		807
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$ (24,621)	\$	(104,521
Basic loss per share available to common shareholders	\$ (0.45)	\$	(1.90
Diluted loss per share available to common shareholders	\$ (0.45)	\$	(1.90
	 ·		•
<u>Weighted average common shares for the period:</u> Basic	55,086		54,995
Diluted	55,086		54,995

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

## Unaudited

## (In thousands)

		Mar. 31 2022						Dec. 31, 2021
SETS:								
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	2,994,541	\$	3,031,844				
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted		128,436		140,688				
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		16,473		22,312				
Notes receivable		67,493		71,228				
Trade receivables, net		83,234		74,745				
Prepaid expenses and other assets		132,879		112,904				
Intangible assets		116,772		126,804				
Total assets	\$	3,539,828	\$	3,580,525				
IABILITIES AND EQUITY:								
Debt and finance lease obligations	\$	2,937,660	\$	2,936,819				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		287,286		304,71				
Dividends payable		110		38				
Deferred management rights proceeds		169,834		170,61				
Operating lease liabilities		114,981		113,77				
Deferred income tax liabilities, net		4,256		4,67				
Other liabilities		62,880		71,93				
Total equity (deficit)		(37,179)		(22,393				
Total liabilities and equity (deficit)	\$	3,539,828	\$	3,580,52				

## SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL RESULTS

## ADJUSTED EBITDAre RECONCILIATION

## Unaudited

## (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended Mar. 31,					
		2022			2021	
		\$	Margin		\$	Margin
Consolidated						
Revenue	\$	299,135		\$	84,175	
Net loss	\$	(24,797)	-8.3%	\$	(117,121)	-139.1%
Interest expense, net		30,556			29,426	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(65)			3,954	
Depreciation & amortization		56,028			53,315	
(Gain) loss on sale of assets		469			(317)	
Pro rata EBITDAre from unconsolidated joint ventures		22			15	
EBITDAre		62,213	20.8%		(30,728)	-36.5%
Preopening costs		304			399	
Non-cash lease expense		1,173			1,088	
Equity-based compensation expense		3,786			2,522	
Interest income on Gaylord National bonds		1,340			1,321	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-			2,949	
Transaction costs of acquisitions		178			-	
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	68,994	23.1%	\$	(22,449)	-26.7%
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> of noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint		00,001	=011	Ψ	(==,)	
venture		_			744	
Adjusted EBITDAre, excluding noncontrolling interest in					/ ++	
consolidated joint venture	¢	68,994	23.1%	¢	(21,705)	-25.8%
	\$	00,994	23.170	<u>э</u>	(21,705)	-25.0/
Hospitality segment	*			*		
Revenue	\$	261,111	5.00 <i>/</i>	\$	69,802	
Operating income (loss)	\$	15,668	6.0%	\$	(63,543)	-91.0%
Depreciation & amortization		52,271			49,148	
Gain on sale of assets		-			(317)	
Preopening costs		-			398	
Non-cash lease expense		1,053			1,104	
Interest income on Gaylord National bonds		1,340			1,321	
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	70,332	26.9%	\$	(11,889)	-17.0 <sup>°</sup>
Entertainment segment						
Revenue	\$	38,024		\$	14,373	
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,437	6.4%	\$	(7,920)	-55.1%
Depreciation & amortization		3,552			3,601	
Preopening costs		304			1	
Non-cash lease (revenue) expense		120			(16)	
Equity-based compensation		824			467	
Transaction costs of acquisitions		178			-	
Pro rata adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> from unconsolidated joint ventures		(2,605)			(1,594)	
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	4,810	12.6%	\$	(5,461)	-38.0%
	Ψ	4,010	12.0	Ψ	(0,401)	
Corporate and Other segment						
Operating loss	\$	(10,231)		\$	(8,094)	
Depreciation & amortization	Ψ	205		ψ	(8,094)	
Other gains and (losses), net		205 916			374	
Equity-based compensation						
	*	2,962		*	2,055	
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	(6,148)		\$	(5,099)	

#### SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL RESULTS

## FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS ("FFO") AND ADJUSTED FFO RECONCILIATION

#### Unaudited

## (in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended Mar.			l Mar. 31,
		2022		2021
<u>Consolidated</u>				
Net loss	\$	(24,797)	\$	(117,121)
Noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint venture		-		11,793
Net loss available to common shareholders and unit holders		(24,797)		(105,328)
Depreciation & amortization		55,997		53,278
Adjustments for noncontrolling interest		-		(7,930)
Pro rata adjustments from joint ventures		22		15
FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders		31,222	. <u> </u>	(59,965)
Right-of-use asset amortization		31		37
Non-cash lease expense		1,173		1,088
(Gain) loss on other assets		469		(317)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		2,229		2,209
Amortization of debt premiums		(73)		(70)
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-		2,949
Adjustments for noncontrolling interest		-		(217)
Transaction costs of acquisitions		178		-
Deferred tax (benefit) expense		(415)		3,781
Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders	\$	34,814	\$	(50,505)
Capital expenditures (1)		(12,305)		(152)
Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders (ex. maintenance capex)	\$	22,509	\$	(50,657)
Basic net loss per share	\$	(0.45)		(1.90)
Diluted net loss per share	\$	(0.45)	\$	(1.90)
FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders per basic share/unit	\$	0.56	\$	(1.08)
Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders per basic share/unit	\$	0.63	\$	(0.91)
FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders per diluted share/unit	\$	0.56	\$	(1.08)
Adjusted FFO available to common shareholders and unit holders per diluted share/unit	\$	0.63	\$	(0.91)
Weighted average common shares and OP units for the period:				
Basic		55,481		55,422
Diluted		55,481		55,422

(1) Represents FF&E reserve contribution for managed properties and maintenance capital expenditures for non-managed properties. Note that during 2021, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, contributions to the FF&E reserve for managed properties were suspended.

## SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL RESULTS

## HOSPITALITY SEGMENT ADJUSTED EBITDAre RECONCILIATIONS AND OPERATING METRICS

#### Unaudited

#### (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended Mar. 31,						
		2022			2021		
		\$	Margin		\$	Margin	
Hospitality segment	¢	261 111		ተ	CO 000		
Revenue	\$	261,111	6.00/	\$	69,802	01.00	
Operating income (loss)	\$	15,668	6.0%	\$	(63,543)	-91.0%	
Depreciation & amortization		52,271			49,148		
Preopening costs		-			398		
Non-cash lease expense		1,053			1,104		
Interest income on Gaylord National bonds		1,340			1,321		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	70,332	26.9%	\$	(11,889)	-17.0%	
Оссирапсу		47.3%			16.4%		
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	229.17		\$	189.42		
RevPAR	\$	108.41		\$	31.02		
OtherPAR	\$	170.23		\$	45.69		
Total RevPAR	\$	278.64		\$	76.71		
Gaylord Opryland							
Revenue	\$	73,519		\$	21,759		
Operating income (loss)	\$	15,555	21.2%	\$	(11,750)	-54.0%	
Depreciation & amortization		8,589			8,583		
Gain on sale of assets		-			(317)		
Non-cash lease (revenue) expense		(13)			2		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	24,131	32.8%	\$	(3,482)	-16.0 <sup>9</sup>	
				Ψ	(0,402)	10.0	
Occupancy		48.8%			18.3%		
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	239.77		\$	210.04		
RevPAR	\$	116.98		\$	38.37		
OtherPAR	\$	165.87		\$	45.34		
Total RevPAR	\$	282.85		\$	83.71		
Gaylord Palms							
Revenue	\$	59,848		\$	15,117		
Operating income (loss)	\$	15,858	26.5%	\$	(6,017)	-39.8%	
Depreciation & amortization		5,552			4,124		
Preopening costs		-			398		
Non-cash lease expense		1,066			1,102		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	22,476	37.6%	\$	(393)	-2.6%	
Occupancy	*	55.6%		*	24.3%		
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	256.19		\$	191.71		
RevPAR	\$	142.36		\$	46.66		
OtherPAR	\$	244.71		\$	71.96		
Total RevPAR	\$	387.07		\$	118.62		
<u>Gaylord Texan</u>							
Revenue	\$	56,636		\$	18,358		
Operating income (loss)	\$	12,916	22.8%	\$	(4,781)	-26.0%	
Depreciation & amortization		6,698			6,229		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	19,614	34.6%	\$	1,448	7.9 <sup>9</sup>	
Occupancy		57.8%			22.6%		
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	221.38		¢	189.83		
				\$ ¢			
RevPAR OtherPAR	\$ \$	128.06 218.85		\$ \$	42.99 69.46		

#### SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL RESULTS

## HOSPITALITY SEGMENT ADJUSTED EBITDAre RECONCILIATIONS AND OPERATING METRICS

#### Unaudited

#### (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended Mar. 31,								
		2020 202							
Gaylord National		\$	Margin		\$	Margin			
Revenue	\$	32,587		\$	1,257				
Operating loss	\$	(11,275)	-34.6%	\$	(14,523)	-1155.4%			
Depreciation & amortization		8,139			6,866				
Interest income on Gaylord National bonds		1,340			1,321				
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	(1,796)	-5.5%	\$	(6,336)	-504.1%			
Occupancy		35.4%			0.0%				
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	219.63		\$	-				
RevPAR	\$	77.73		\$	-				
OtherPAR	\$	103.67		\$	7.00				
Total RevPAR	\$	181.40		\$	7.00				
Gaylord Rockies									
Revenue	\$	34,787		\$	11,970				
Operating loss <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	(16,784)	-48.2%	\$	(24,699)	-206.3%			
Depreciation & amortization		22,648			22,691				
Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i> <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	5,864	16.9%	\$	(2,008)	-16.8%			
Occupancy		39.2%			17.4%				
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	213.46		\$	175.28				
RevPAR	\$	83.61		\$	30.46				
OtherPAR	\$	173.90		\$	58.15				
Total RevPAR	\$	257.51		\$	88.61				
The AC Hotel at National Harbor									
Revenue	\$	1,607		\$	805				
Operating loss	\$	(407)	-25.3%		(765)	-95.0%			
Depreciation & amortization		327		•	329				
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	(80)	-5.0%	\$	(436)	-54.2%			
Occupancy		46.2%			33.3%				
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	176.64		\$	125.99				
RevPAR	\$	81.65		\$	41.89				
OtherPAR	\$	11.37		\$	4.68				
Total RevPAR	\$	93.02		\$	46.57				
The Inn at Opryland (2)									
Revenue	\$	2,127		\$	536				
Operating loss	\$	(195)	-9.2%		(1,008)	-188.19			
Depreciation & amortization		318			326				
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	123	5.8%	\$	(682)	-127.2%			
Occupancy		42.7%			15.9%				
Average daily rate (ADR)	\$	137.24		\$	104.19				
RevPAR	5 \$	58.63		э \$	16.55				
OtherPAR	\$	19.36		ֆ \$	3.09				
Total RevPAR	\$	77.99		ֆ \$	19.64				
IUIAI NEVEAN	Ф	//.99		Φ	19.04				

(1) Operating loss and Adjusted EBITDA*re* for Gaylord Rockies exclude asset management fees paid to RHP of \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

(2) Includes other hospitality revenue and expense

## Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Adjusted EBITDAre reconciliation

## Unaudited

## (in thousands)

	_	January 2022	 March 2022
Hospitality segment			
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	(17,079)	\$ 33,913
Total Depreciation and Amortization	\$	17,229	\$ 17,798
Non-cash lease expense	\$	351	\$ 351
Interest income on bonds	\$	447	\$ 447
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	948	\$ 52,509
	=		

## Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. and Subsidiaries

#### **Reconciliation of Forward-Looking Statements**

#### Unaudited

## (in thousands)

## Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate ("Adjusted EBITDAre")

	GUIDANCE RANGE FOR 2Q 2022					<b>N</b> (1)		
		Low		High		Midpoint		
Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc.	<b></b>		<i>•</i>		<b></b>			
Net Income	\$	28,500	\$		\$	30,250		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		16,200		17,700		16,950		
Interest Expense		30,000		31,000		30,500		
Depreciation and amortization (1)		55,000		57,000		56,000		
Pro rata EBITDAre from unconsolidated joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>		50		50		50		
EBITDAre	\$	129,750	\$	137,750	\$	133,750		
Non-cash lease expense		1,000		1,500		1,250		
Preopening expense		125		125		125		
Equity-based compensation		2,625		3,625		3,125		
Interest income on Bonds		1,000		1,500		1,250		
Other gains and (losses), net		500		500		500		
Adjusted EBITDAre <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	135,000	\$	145,000	\$	140,000		
Hospitality Segment								
Operating Income	\$	70,000	\$	72,000	\$	71,000		
Depreciation and amortization	4	48,000	Ŷ	49,000	Ŷ	48,500		
Non-cash lease expense		1,000		1,500		1,250		
Preopening expense				-		-		
Equity-based compensation		-		-		-		
Interest income on Bonds		1,000		1,500		1,250		
Other gains and (losses), net		_,		_,		_,		
Pro rata adjusted EBITDAre from unconsolidated JVs		-		-		-		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	120,000	\$	124,000	\$	122,000		
Entertainment Segment								
Operating Income	\$	17,500	\$	20,000	\$	18,750		
Depreciation and amortization		5,000		7,000		6,000		
Non-cash lease expense		-		-		-		
Preopening expense		125		125		125		
Equity-based compensation		625		1,125		875		
Interest income on Bonds		-		-		-		
Other gains and (losses), net		-		-		-		
Pro rata adjusted EBITDAre from unconsolidated JVs $^{(1)}$		(1,250)		(1,250)		(1,250)		
Adjusted EBITDAre <sup>(1)</sup>	<u>\$</u>	22,000	\$	27,000	\$	24,500		
Corporate and Other Segment								
Operating Income	\$	(11,500)	\$	(10,000)	\$	(10,750)		
Depreciation and amortization		2,000	-	1,000	+	1,500		
Non-cash lease expense		-		-		-		
Preopening expense		-		-		-		
Equity-based compensation		2,000		2,500		2,250		
Interest income on Bonds		-		-		-		
Other gains and (losses), net		500		500		500		
Pro rata adjusted EBITDAre from unconsolidated JVs		-		-		-		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	(7,000)	\$	(6,000)	\$	(6,500)		

(1) Reconcilation of Forward-Looking Guidance does not include any impact of the pending Atairos transaction and pro rata adjusted EBITDAre is only from RHP's JV partnership with Circle

## Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc. and Subsidiaries

#### **Reconciliation of Forward-Looking Statements**

## Unaudited

## (in thousands)

#### Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate ("Adjusted EBITDAre")

		GUIDANCE RANGE FOR FULL YEAR 202				22		
		Low		High		Midpoint		
Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc.	¢	C0 000	¢	75 000	¢	67 500		
Net Income	\$	<b>60,000</b> 53,400	\$	<b>75,000</b> 55,300	\$	<b>67,500</b> 54,350		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes								
Interest Expense		132,500		134,000		133,250		
Depreciation and amortization (1)		207,000		210,500		208,750		
Pro rata EBITDAre from unconsolidated joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>		100		200		150		
EBITDAre	\$	453,000	\$	475,000	\$	464,000		
Non-cash lease expense		4,000		5,000		4,500		
Preopening expense		500		500		500		
Equity-based compensation		11,500		14,000		12,750		
Interest income on Bonds		5,000		5,500		5,250		
Other gains and (losses), net		2,000		2,000		2,000		
Adjusted EBITDAre <sup>(1)</sup>	<u>\$</u>	476,000	\$	502,000	\$	489,000		
Hospitality Segment								
Operating Income	\$	233,000	\$	243,500	\$	238,250		
Depreciation and amortization	Ψ	183,000	Ψ	186,000	Ψ	184,500		
Non-cash lease expense		4,000		5,000		4,500		
Preopening expense		4,000		5,000		4,500		
Equity-based compensation		-		-				
Interest income on Bonds		5,000		5,500		5,250		
Other gains and (losses), net		5,000		5,500		5,250		
Pro rata adjusted EBITDAre from unconsolidated JVs		_		_		_		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	425,000	\$	440,000	\$	432,500		
	<u>⊅</u>	425,000	Þ	440,000	Э	432,300		
Entertainment Segment								
Operating Income	\$	66,000	\$	69,000	\$	67,500		
Depreciation and amortization	Ψ	19,000	Ψ	20,500	Ψ	19,750		
Non-cash lease expense		-		20,500		-		
Preopening expense		500		500		500		
Equity-based compensation		2,500		4,000		3,250		
Interest income on Bonds		2,000		-,000				
Other gains and (losses), net		-		-		-		
Pro rata adjusted EBITDAre from unconsolidated JVs <sup>(1)</sup>		(8,000)		(6,000)		(7,000)		
Adjusted EBITDAre <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	<u>(0,000)</u> 80,000	\$	(0,000) 88,000	\$	<u> </u>		
,	÷				Ψ	01,000		
Corporate and Other Segment								
Operating Income	\$	(45,000)	\$	(42,000)	\$	(43,500)		
Depreciation and amortization		5,000		4,000		4,500		
Non-cash lease expense		-		-		-		
Preopening expense		-		-		-		
Equity-based compensation		9,000		10,000		9,500		
Interest income on Bonds		-		-		-		
Other gains and (losses), net		2,000		2,000		2,000		
Pro rata adjusted EBITDAre from unconsolidated JVs		-		-		-		
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	(29,000)	\$	(26,000)	\$	(27,500)		

(1) Reconcilation of Forward-Looking Guidance does not include any impact of the pending Atairos transaction and pro rata adjusted EBITDAre is only from RHP's JV partnership with Circle